

# Stress Fields Around Dislocation Arrays With Distributed Cores

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## Introduction

Using the basic sum formulae in Section 19-5 from [1] and the nonsingular stress fields from Section 5 of [2], we can derive the stress fields around dislocation arrays composed of dislocation lines with distributed cores.

In all of the formulae in these notes,  $D$  is the spacing between dislocations and  $a$  is effective radius over which the dislocation core is distributed. All spatial coordinates are in the same orientation as they are in section 19-5 of [1].

## Edge Dislocation Array

### Burgers Vector Normal to Dislocation Array

The following formulae are written in terms of the reduced variables  $X = x/D$ ,  $Y = y/D$ , and  $A = a/D$ .

$$\sigma_{xx}^{array} = -\sigma_0 \sin(2\pi Y) \left[ \cosh \left( 2\pi \sqrt{X^2 + A^2} \right) - \cos(2\pi Y) + 2\pi \sqrt{X^2 + A^2} \sinh \left( 2\pi \sqrt{X^2 + A^2} \right) \right] \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{yy}^{array} &= -\sigma_0 \sin(2\pi Y) \left[ \cosh \left( 2\pi \sqrt{X^2 + A^2} \right) - \cos(2\pi Y) - 2\pi \sqrt{X^2 + A^2} \sinh \left( 2\pi \sqrt{X^2 + A^2} \right) \right] \\ &- \sigma_0 \frac{2A^2\pi}{\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}} \sinh \left( 2\pi \sqrt{X^2 + A^2} \right) \sin(2\pi Y) \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

$$\sigma_{xy}^{array} = \sigma_0 2\pi X \left[ \cosh \left( 2\pi \sqrt{X^2 + A^2} \right) \cos(2\pi Y) - 1 \right], \quad (3)$$

where

$$\sigma_0 = \frac{\mu b}{2D(1-\nu) \left[ \cosh \left( 2\pi \sqrt{X^2 + A^2} \right) - \cos(2\pi Y) \right]^2} \quad (4)$$

### Burgers Vector Parallel to Dislocation Array

The following formulae are written in terms of the reduced variables  $X = x/D$ ,  $Y = y/D$ , and  $A = a/D$ .

$$\sigma_{xx}^{array} = -\sigma_0 2\pi X \left[ \cosh \left( 2\pi \sqrt{X^2 + A^2} \right) \cos(2\pi Y) - 1 \right] \quad (5)$$

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$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{yy}^{array} &= -\sigma_0 \frac{X}{\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}} \sinh\left(2\pi\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}\right) \left[\cosh\left(2\pi\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}\right) - \cos(2\pi Y)\right] \left(2 + \frac{A^2}{X^2 + A^2}\right) \\ &+ \sigma_0 2\pi X \left[\cosh\left(2\pi\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}\right) \cos(2\pi Y) - 1\right] \left(1 - \frac{A^2}{X^2 + A^2}\right)\end{aligned}\quad (6)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{xy}^{array} &= \sigma_0 \sin(2\pi Y) \left[\cosh\left(2\pi\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}\right) - \cos(2\pi Y) - 2\pi\sqrt{X^2 + A^2} \sinh\left(2\pi\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}\right)\right] \\ &+ \sigma_0 \frac{2A^2\pi}{\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}} \sinh\left(2\pi\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}\right) \sin(2\pi Y),\end{aligned}\quad (7)$$

where

$$\sigma_0 = \frac{\mu b}{2D(1-\nu) \left[\cosh\left(2\pi\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}\right) - \cos(2\pi Y)\right]^2}\quad (8)$$

## Screw Dislocation Array

The following formulae are written in terms of the reduced variables  $X = x/D$ ,  $Y = y/D$ , and  $A = a/D$ .

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{xz}^{array} &= -\sigma_0 \sin(2\pi Y) \left[\cosh\left(2\pi\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}\right) - \cos(2\pi Y)\right] \\ &- \sigma_0 \left(\frac{A^2\pi}{\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}}\right) \sinh\left(2\pi\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}\right) \sin(2\pi Y)\end{aligned}\quad (9)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{yz}^{array} &= \sigma_0 \left(\frac{X}{\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}}\right) \sinh\left(2\pi\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}\right) \left[\cosh\left(2\pi\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}\right) - \cos(2\pi Y)\right] \left(1 + \frac{A^2}{2(X^2 + A^2)}\right) \\ &+ \sigma_0 2\pi X \left(\frac{A^2}{2(X^2 + A^2)}\right) \left[\cosh\left(2\pi\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}\right) \cos(2\pi Y) - 1\right],\end{aligned}\quad (10)$$

where

$$\sigma_0 = \frac{\mu b}{2D \left[\cosh\left(2\pi\sqrt{X^2 + A^2}\right) - \cos(2\pi Y)\right]^2}\quad (11)$$

## A Stress Fields for Edge Dislocation with Burgers Vector (0,1,0)

The following stress fields are computed by applying a coordinate transformation that maps  $\hat{\mathbf{x}}$  to  $-\hat{\mathbf{y}}$  and  $\hat{\mathbf{y}}$  to  $\hat{\mathbf{x}}$ .

$$\sigma_{xx}^{ns} = \frac{\mu b}{2\pi(1-\nu)} \frac{x}{\rho_a^2} \left[1 - \frac{2(x^2 + a^2)}{\rho_a^2}\right]\quad (12)$$

$$\sigma_{yy}^{ns} = -\frac{\mu b}{2\pi(1-\nu)} \frac{x}{\rho_a^2} \left[1 + \frac{2(y^2 + a^2)}{\rho_a^2}\right]\quad (13)$$

$$\sigma_{xy}^{ns} = \frac{\mu b}{2\pi(1-\nu)} \frac{y}{\rho_a^2} \left[1 - \frac{2x^2}{\rho_a^2}\right]\quad (14)$$

## References

- [1] J. P. Hirth and J. Lothe. *Theory of Dislocations*. Krieger Publishing Company, Malabar, FL, 1982.
- [2] W. Cai, A. Arsenlis, C. R. Weinberger, and V. V. Bulatov. A non-singular continuum theory of dislocations. *Journal of the Mechanics and Physics of Solids*, 54:561–587, 2006.